

CO₂ CAPTURE FROM BINARY GAS MIXTURE VIA CLATHRATE HYDRATES FORMATION: INVESTIGATION BY RAMAN SCATTERING

Bertrand Chazallon

**Laboratoire de Physique des Lasers, Atomes et Molécules (PhLAM), UMR CNRS
8523, University Lille1 Bat. P5, F-59655 Villeneuve d'Ascq
FRANCE**

ABSTRACT

The global greenhouse effect of CO₂ has attracted increased attention as a worldwide problem. CO₂ capture and sequestration (CCS) for industry is a great challenge that is susceptible to reduce carbon emission. Exhausting gases from industry contains CO₂, N₂, CH₄, O₂ in localized areas: steelmaking plants, gas or coal power plants, chemical plants, etc. In post combustion capture, CO₂ concentration is generally low; typically 5-10% for power plants, but it can be higher: up to 40% in steelmaking plants, or also in some cases of natural gas production. Different strategies and technologies of capture need to be developed to decrease the cost of the process, in respect to the specific compositions and operative conditions, especially pressure. Gas hydrates are currently getting a significant attention as a potential CO₂ storage technology. The equilibrium properties of CO₂-N₂ gas hydrates are investigated by p-T and in-situ Raman spectroscopy. sI and sII structures are identified depending on the loading or equilibrium composition [1]. The equilibrium properties of CO₂-xTBAB-H₂O (with x = 40 wt%, 5 wt%) hydrates and N₂-xTBAB-H₂O (with x = 5wt%) are determined and the structure (type A or B) is found to depend on the equilibrium (or loading) pressure of CO₂ or N₂. It is the first time that an inversion of the stable phase of tetra-n-butyl ammonium bromide (TBAB) is observed when a gas (CO₂ or N₂) is trapped in the water cages [2].

[1] B. Chazallon, **CO₂ capture by gas hydrate crystallization: investigation of equilibrium and compositional properties by micro-Raman spectroscopy**, in *Physics and Chemistry of Ice*, Y. Furukawa, G. Sasaki, T. Uchida, N. Watanabe Eds, Hokkaido University Press, , ISBN 978-4-8329-0361-6, pp 173-181 (2011)

[2] B. Chazallon, **Binary CO₂-N₂ clathrate hydrates of TBAB investigated by Raman scattering**, J. Phys.Chem.C, in prep.